



The Speech of Allah (swt) regarding the Evidences All around us for the Act of Creation

Allah (swt) has revealed many noble Ayaat directing the human beings to consider all that is around them, reflecting and considering their nature, as an act of Creation. Many such Ayaat were revealed within the first three years of Revelation. It was with these Ayaat that the Messenger of Allah (saw) cultured the great Companions (ra) within the Halaqaat (study circles) that took place in Dar ul Arqam. It is these Ayaat about the act of Creation that firmly established the deeply rooted Iman of the Companions (ra), such that they tower above all generations until the end of time, the best of all generations.

Since deep study of Revelation was the foundation of the education policy of the Khilafah (Caliphate), the Muslim population was aware of the Quranic commentary upon Creation. It is these Ayaat that were the basis for the consolidation of the conquests. They were used for culturing legions of people and convincing them to embrace Islam. It was to a level that the common citizens were able to convince the non-Muslims. As an example, Indonesia is Ushri lands as Islam entered through the Da'wah of the Muslims who traded with its population.

It is vital to scrutinize such Ayaat, benefitting of their abundant wisdom, at a time that there are many in the world that are being misguided by the atheists. Yet many are searching for the truthful and convincing answer regarding all that they see around them of Creation. It is opportunity for the Muslims in the West who live amongst the non-Muslims. It is also an opportunity for the Muslims in the Muslim World as the social media has made communication over long distances possible. All this is before the return of the Khilafah, where such good individual activity will be supported by the states Dawah to Islam.

In the Noble divinely revealed Quran, Allah (swt) said, إِنَّ فِي خَلْق السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالأَرْض وَاخْتِلَافِ النَّيْلِ وَالْفُلُكِ الَّتِي تَجْرِي فِي الْبَحْرِ بِمَا يَنفَعُ النَّاس وَمَا أَنزَلَ الله مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مِن مَاء فَأَحْيَا بِهِ الأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا وَبَتَّ فِيهَا مِن كُلِّ وَالنَّهَارِ وَالْفُلُكِ الَّتِي تَجْرِي فِي الْبَحْرِ بِمَا يَنفَعُ النَّاس وَمَا أَنزَلَ الله مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مِن مَاء فَأَحْيَا بِهِ الأَرْض بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا وَبَتَّ فِيهَا مِن كُلِّ وَالنَّهَارِ وَالْفُلُكِ الَّتِي تَجْرِي فِي الْبَحْرِ بِمَا يَنفَعُ النَّاسَ وَمَا أَنزَلَ الله مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مِن مَاء فَأَحْيَا بِهِ الأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا وَبَتَ فِيهَا مِن كُلِ وَالنَّهَارِ وَالْفُلُكِ الَّتِي تَجْرِي فِي الْبَحْرِ بِمَا يَنفَعُ النَّاسَ وَمَا أَنزَلَ الله مِنْ مَا لَمُسَخِّرِ بَيْنَ السَّمَاء وَالأَرْضِ لَا يَاتِ لَقَوْمٍ يَعْقَلُونَ (

The mother of the believers, Aisha (ra), said that the Messenger of Allah (saw) when he read this verse, said, «وَيُنْ لِمَنْ قَرَأَهَا وَلَمْ يَتَفَكَّرُ فِيهَا» **"Woe to those who read it and did not think about it.**" [ad-Dar al-Manthur]. Thus, Allah (swt) and His Messenger (saw) ask humanity to reflect upon all that is around them. When the human beings consider the Creation, what do they find? They find a precise system (niZaam) which governs all the entities that we sense. All the entities that we sense around us, large and small, light and heavy, have precise limitations (Hudood) that govern them. There are laws that are imposed upon them that they do not transgress and a sunnah (way) that they consistently adhere to. Indeed, they are limited (meHdood) and that is clear in all of the entities and not some.

Consider the movements of the stars and planets. There are heavens and the earth, including the stars and planets that are each in an orbit in a precise system. In spite of their mass and motion, they do not deviate from their course. Is this not a precise system, of determined relationships and magnitudes? Consider the night and the day. There is the night and day, their succession and the differences in their lengths, conditions, darkness, light and illumination, their impact upon the sleep and activity of the living. Is there not a precise system governing the night and day? Consider the ships and the seas. Imam Qurtubi commentated in his Tafseer: والفلك التي تجري في البحر الفلك: السفن "Fulk' (ships) are those that travel on seas: watercraft (generically)." He adds that, يقاله التي تجري على وجه الماء ووقوفها فوقه مع ثقلها spite of the water and float in spite of their weight." Indeed, there is a precise

organization regarding the water and the ship, in which one form of watercraft whilst another object of the same mass will sink.

When we sense and perceive all the entities around us, it is evident that there is a system (niZaam). Within that system, there is no chaos or disruption, no breaking out from the orbit, no greenery without water, no sea in the wrong place nor wind at the wrong time. It is a consistent and determined system. Allah (swt) said, (مَا تَرَى فِي خَلُق الرَّحْمَنِ مِنْ تَقَاوُتِ (And) **who created seven heavens in layers. You do not see in the creation of the Most** *Merciful any inconsistency.*" [Surah al-Mulk 67:3]. Ibn Kathir commentated, أي: بل هو مصطحب , ولا خلل أي: بل هو مصطحب , ولا يتيافر، ولا تتافر، ولا مخالفة، ولا نقص، ولا عيب، ولا خلل said, من المعنوب , ولا خلل المعنوب , ولا يتيافر ولا محالفة، ولا نقص, and these are connected with each other so as to form a levelled form, having no disunion, conflict, inconsistency, deficiency, flaw or defect."

So we see that all the entities around us adhere to a perfect, flawless system. Entities are subject to an intricate system in both formation (takayyuf) and proportioning (tagdeer). Regarding formation (takayyuf), each entity is dependent on one or many entities. So greenery is dependent (moHtaaj) on water and sunlight to grow. Greenery is weak in itself for it is needy for water and sunlight. The form of dependency (iHtiyaaj) is not of any measure, but of a specific proportion (qadar) and amount (nasbah). The proportioning (tagdeer) is evident in all cases that we sense. If the sunlight is of a certain amount, the plant will thrive. If it is less, it will wither. Moreover, if it were intensified through a lens or by other means, it can damage the plant, leading to crop burning and bush fires. Regarding water, we find that some crops will thrive with a lot of it and ripen, such that flash flooding suits them, whereas for other crops the same amount will be a damaging flood that ruins the entire harvest. In a single crop, at a certain time the rain will be beneficial, causing ripening, whilst at another time, the rain will cause the ripened crop to collapse. Regarding water, formation is such that its boiling is dependent on heat. However, the dependency is such that water boils only according a certain proportioning of heat. Thus the system has both a specific formation and proportioning.

It is clear that the entities are themselves are subject to the system imposed upon them and they are not the initiators and organizers of the system. Had they been, they would be able to change the system at will, which is never the case. Consider that water that boils at a certain pressure with an exact amount of heat. Neither the governing law nor the amount are in the control of the water or the heat. Water cannot initiate boiling itself without heat, or at any heat, and the exact amount of heat does not change, as it is organized in a specific manner. Indeed, contemplating all the entities we sense establishes with certainty that they do not initiate and organize the system that they are subject to. Thus, there is indeed One that is not sensed by us directly, Who organized and originated the system for the entities. Allah (swt) said, (مَنْ آيَاتِهِ خَلْقُ السَمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَاخْتِلَافُ ٱلْسِنَتِكُمْ وَٱلْوَانِكُمْ ² إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لاَ يَاتِهِ خَلْقُ

His signs is the creation of the heavens and the earth, and the difference of your languages and colours. Behold! Herein indeed are signs for men of knowledge." [Ar-Rum: 22].

At-Qurtubi in his Tafseer said, نهذا من أدل دليل على المدبر البارئ "These are evidences" establishing al-Mudabbir, al-Baaree'." In the language, Al-Mudabbir (the Organizer) is one of

the names of Allah (swt) and it means, الذي يُجري الأمور بحكمته ويصرّفها على وفق مشيئته وعلى ما يوجب "the Who conducts matters with His Wisdom and disposes of them according to His Will and according to what necessitates their good consequences." In the language, Al-Baaree' (the Initiator) is also one of the names of Allah (swt) and it means, واهب الحياة للأحياء، "The One Who gives life to the living and the Flawless (as-Saalim) free from any flaw."

Thus Imam Abu Hanifa (rh) remarked about the Tadbeer (Organization) of the world. Ibn Abi al-'Izz reported: وَيُحْكَى عَنْ أَبِي حَنِيفَةَ رَحِمَهُ اللَّهُ أَنَّ قَوْمًا مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكَلَامِ أَرَادُوا الْبَحْثَ مَعَهُ فِي تَقُرِيرِ تَوْحِيدِ الرُّبُوبِيَّةِ أَخْبَرُونِي قَبْلَ أَنْ نَتَكَلَّمَ فِي هَذِهِ الْمُسْأَلَةِ عَنْ سَفِينَة فِي دِجْلَةَ تَذْهَبُ فَتَمْتَلَى مِنَ الطَّعَامِ وَالْمَتَاعِ وَ عَبْرِهِ بِنَفْسِهَا وَتَعُودُ بِنَفْسِهَا وَتَعُودُ بِنَفْسِهَا وَتَعُودُ بِنَفْسِهَا وَتَعُودُ بِنَفْسِهَا وَتَعُودُ مِنْفَلَهُمْ أَخْبَرُونِي قَبْلَ أَنْ نَتَكَلَّمَ فِي هَذِهِ الْمُسْأَلَةِ عَنْ سَفِينَة فِي دِجْلَةَ تَذْهَبُ فَتَمْتَلَى مِنَ الطَّعَامِ وَالْمَتَاعِ وَ عَبْرِهِ بِنَفْسِهَا وَتَعُودُ بِنَفْسِهَا وَتَتَعْرَعُ وَتَتَوْرَعُ وَتَنَوْرَعُ كُلُّ ذَلِكَ مِنْ غَيْرِ أَنْ نَتَكَلَّمَ فَي مَعْنِيَةُ اللَّعَلَى مَنْ الطَّعَامِ وَالْمَتَاعِ وَ عَنْقَلَ لَهُمْ إِذَا كَانَ هُذَا مُحَالًا فِي سَفِينَةِ فَي هَذَا الْعَلَمِ كُلُهِ عُلُوهِ وَسُفْلِهِ (شرح العقيدة الطحاوية) فَتَرْسِي يَنَفْسِها وَتَنَعْرَعُ وَ سَنْفِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَاذَا مُحَالًا فَي مَا اللَّعَامِ وَالْعَدَى مَعْنَا فَي مَا اللَّهُ مَنْهُ اللَهُ مُنَا أَنَّوْ مَنْ أَنَّهُمُ اللَّهُ الْحَاوِية اللَّهُ مُنَعْ فَي هُو اللَّهُ مُوَحِيدُ الطَحَاقِيقَ فَي هَذَا الْعَالَمُ كُلُهُ عُنْتَكَمُ فَقُو وَ سُفْلِهُ (شرح العقيدة الطحاوية) فَتَقَرَعُ وَ تَنْفَرُ خُنْعُنُ فَي مَنْ الْحَامِ فَالَهُ مَا مَا عَنْ فَي فَي فَي فَا اللَّهُ فَي فَي مَا مُنْ الْعَامِ فَي مَعْنِي وَ سُفْلِهُ (شرح العقيدة الطحاوية) فَي هُو مُنْقُو فَي مَا مَنْ أَنْ فَي مَا اللَّهُ مَنْ مَنْتَكَمُ فَقُ مَا مُنْ الْعَامِ مُنْعَا مُو اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا مَا اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّعُامِ فَالَنَا مُعْذَعُ مُنْ الْحَامِ فَقَالَ مَنْ الْعَامَ مُنَا مَنْ أَمْنُ الْعَامِ مُوا مَا مَنْ أَنَّ الْعَلَمُ مَنْ أَمْ الْعَامِ مَا مَنْ أَنْهُ اللَّذَا مُ مُنْ أَبُولُ فَي مُنْعُنُ مُنْتَعُ مُو مُنْعُنُ مُنْهُ مُا أَعْنَ مُنْتَعُمُ مَا مُنْ الْعَنْ مُعَنْ مُنْتَعُ مَا مَنْ عُنْهُ فَا مُعْنَا مُو مُرَا الْعَامِ مُعْنَا مُعُرْضُ مَنْ مَنْ مَالَعُنَا مَنْ مَا مُنْ مَالْعُنَا مَا مَا مَا مَ

Thus Imam bin Hanbal (rh) spoke of As-Saania (the Designer), wherein As-Saania comes from the Arabic word for design or manufacture. Allah (swt) said, أَنْ تُعَنَّ كُلَّ اللَّهُ الَّذِي أَتُقَنَ كُلَّ "That is the design of Allah, Who has perfected everything." [Surah an Naml 27:88]. Ibn Kathir narrated, أَحْمَدَ بْن حَنْبَل رحمه الله أَنَّهُ سُئِلَ وُجُودِ الصَّانِعِ قَقَالَ هَاهُذَا حِصْنٌ حَصِينٌ أَمْلَسُ لَيْسَ لَهُ بَابٌ مَعْذَا بَصَبِعٌ بَصِيرٌ دُو شَكُل عَن الْإِمَامِ أَحْمَدَ بْن حَنْبَل رحمه اللله أَنَّهُ سُئِلَ وُجُودِ الصَّانِعِ قَقَالَ هَاهُذَا حِصْنٌ حَصِينٌ أَمْلَسُ لَيْسَ لَهُ بَابٌ مَعْبَعٌ بَصِيرٌ دُو شَكُل عَن الْإِمَامِ أَحْمَدَ بْن حَنْبَل رحمه الله أَنَّهُ سُئِلَ وُجُودِ الصَّانِع قَقَالَ هَاهُذَا حِصْنٌ حَصِينٌ أَمْلَسُ لَيْسَ لَهُ بَابٌ مَعْبَعَ بَصِيرٌ دُو شَكُل وَلَا مَنُفَدُ ظَاهِرُهُ كَالْفِصَةُ الْبَيْضَاءِ وَبَاطِنُهُ كَالَاً فَتَرَعَ فَقَالَ المَامِ أَحْمَدَ مَنْ وَصَرُبٌ مَلْهُ فَتَرَعَ مِدَارُهُ فَخَرَجَ مِنْهُ حَبَوَانٌ سَمِيعٌ بَصِيرٌ دُو شَكُل وَلَا مَنُفَدُ ظَاهِرُهُ كَالْفِصَةُ الْنَبْرِينَ فَيَبْنَا هُو كَذَلِكَ إذِ انْصَدَعَ جَدَارُهُ فَخَرَجَ مِنْهُ الدَّجَاجَةُ وَلَا مَنْعُن وَصَرُبُ مَلْي فَيْنَ عُنْ الْمُعْمَةُ إِذَا خَرَجَ مِنْهَا الدَّجَاجَةُ وَلَا مَنْفَدُ ظَاهِرُهُ كَالْفِصَةُ إِذَا خَرَجَ مِنْهَا الدَجَاجَةُ الْمَعْذَى عَنْ وَصَرُبٌ مَلِيحٍ يَعْنِي بِحَلَي الْبَيْضَمَةُ إِذَا خَرَجَ مِنْهَا الدَجَاجَةُ أَذَا مَرُهُ مَالِينَ الْنَصَلُ عَنْ مَنْ فَا مَنْ وَصَرَعُ مَالِي وَصَرَعَ عَنْ عَنْ أَنْعَنْ عَالَهُ مَدَ مَنْ وَسَرُو مُعَن وَ مَنْ وَصَرَعُ مَنْ وَيَ مَنْ وَ سَعَلَ عَامَا اللَّحَصَى فَعَن وَ مَنْ عَنْ وَسَن وَ مَنْ وَسَرُ مَنْ فَا اللَّهُ مَا مَعْنَ عَنْ الْعُنْ مَا مُنْ فَرُهُ مُنْ عَنْ عَامَ مَا مَعْنَ مَنْ عَنْ الْعَامِ مَنْ عَنْ عَنْ عَنْ مَنْ مَنْ فَن الْعُنْ عَنْ مَنْ مَنْ فَا مَنْ فَا مَنْ مَنْ عَنْ مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ عَنْ مَن وَ مَنْفَضَ مَنْ عَنْ مَنْ مَا مَنْهُ مَالُهُ مَنْ عَنْ مَنْ مَالُنَا مَنْ عَنْ مَنْ مَنْ عَنْ مُنْ عَامَ مَنْ مَالَ مَنْ مَا مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ مَالَ مَنْ مَنْ مَنْ مَا مَنْ مَنْ مَا مُنْ مَنْ مُنْهُ مَا مُنَا مُنْ مَ

Thus Imam Shafi'ee (rh) said of the Existence of the Designer (swt), as narrated by Ibn Kathir, هَذَا وَرَق التُوت طَعْمه وَاحِد تَأْكُلُهُ الدُود فَيَخْرُج مِنْهُ الْإِبْرَيْسَم وَتَأْكُلُهُ النَّحْل فَيَخْرُج مِنْهُ الْعَسَل وَتَأْكُلُهُ الشَّاة وَالْبَقَر وَالْأَنْعَام (كَلُهُ النَّحْن وَرَقْ أَوَرَق التُوت طَعْمه وَاحِد تَأْكُلُهُ الدُود فَيَخْرُج مِنْهُ الْإِبْرَيْسَم وَتَأْكُلُهُ النَّحْل فَيَخْرُج مِنْهُ الْعَسَل وَتَأْكُلُهُ الشَّاة وَالْبَقَر وَالأَنْعَام (Here is the leaf of the mulberry tree which is one food. When eaten by the silk worm, silk comes from it. When eaten by the bee, honey comes from it. When eaten by the sheep, cows and cattle, dung and manure issues from it. When eaten by the musk deer, musk comes from it. Yet it's one thing." [Source: Tafseer of Ibn Kathir]

As for those who attributed the design and organization to nature itself, Ibn al-Qayyim asserted, من ينت كذلك بل عرض من الخبريني عن هذه الطبيعة اهي ذَات قَائِمَة بنفسِها لَها من العجيبة ام لَيست كَذَلك بل عرض asserted, والأرادة والأحكمة فقل لَها الخبريني عن هذه الطبيعة الهي ذَات قَائِمَة بنفسِها لَها العلم التَّام وَالْقُدْرَة والأرادة وَالْحكمة فقل لَها وَصَفَة قَائِمَة بنفسِها لَها العلم التَّام وَالْقُدْرَة والارادة وَالْحكمة فقل لَها العلم والله والثاري المصور فلم تسمينه طبيعية العلم التَّام وَالْقُدْرَة والارادة وَالْحكمة فقل لَها العلم وع تَابِعَة لَهُ مَحْمُولَة فِيهِ فَإَن قَالَت لَك بل هِي ذَات قَائِمَة بنفسِها لَها الْعلم التَّام وَالْقُدْرَة والارادة وَالْحكمة فقل لَها العلم والتا العلم وع تَابِعَة لَهُ مَحْمُولَة فِيهِ فَإِن قَالَت لَك بل هِي ذَات الله التَّام والله والله والله والارادة والرحمة والحمة والمعالي عليها للله التام والما والمعالي والمعالي والمعالي والمعالي والمالي والمالي والمعالي والمالي والمالي والمعالي والمالي والمعالي والمعالي والمالي والمعالي والمعالي والمالي والمعالي والمالي والمعالي والمعالي والمعالي والمالي والذي المصور فلم تسمينه طبيعية المعام والذي المعاور في المعام والمالي والمالي والتالي والمالي والمالي والمالي والمعالي والمعالي والمعالي والمالي والمعالي والمالي والم والمالي وا

وَإِن قَالَت بِلَا للطبيعة عرض مَحْمُول مفتقر الى حَامِل وَهَذَا كُله فعلها بِعَيْر علم مِنْهَا وَلَا إرَادَة وَلَا قدرَة وَلَا شُعُور اصلا وَقد شوهد من تَتْلُكُ بل الطبيعة عرض مَحْمُول مفتقر الى حَامِل وَهَذَا كُله فعلها بِعَيْر علم مِنْهَا وَلَا إرَادَة وَلَا قدرة وَلَا شُعُور اصلا وَقد شوهد من آثارها مَا شوهد فَقَل لَهَا هَذَا مَالا يصدقهُ ذُو عقل سليم كَيفَ تصدر هَذِه الافعال العجبية وَالْحكم الدقيقة الَّتِي تعجز عقول الْعُقَلَاء عَن آثارها مَا شوهد فَقَل لَهَا هَذَا مَالا يصدقهُ ذُو عقل سليم كَيفَ تصدر هذه الافعال العجبية وَالْحكم الدقيقة الَّتِي تعجز عقول الْعُقَلَاء عَن الثارها مَا شوهد فَقَل لَهَا هَذَا مَالا يصدقهُ ذُو عقل سليم كَيفَ تصدر هذه الافعال العجبية وَالْحكم الدقيقة الَّتِي تعجز عقول الْعُقَلَاء عَن المعارفي عليه مقل أنه وَلَا قدرَة وَلَا حِكْمَة وَلَا شُعُور العديمة الله وقد معن العديمة والله عليه عليه وعن القدرة عقل عليه وقد أنه والافعال العجبية والله وقد عليه وقد عقل ما يعجز عقول العُقلاء عن المعارفين المعال العجبية والمعال العجبية والذي عليه وقد من العجبية والمعال العجبية والله وقد ما معنور المعالي العديمة التي تعجز عقول المعام وقد فقل أنه ولا عليه وقد من المعالي العجبية وأرف التي علي معل أنه ولا يعديم وقد أله ولا شعور العديم المعام وقد معلم الله وقد من الله وقد من القد وقد علي معلم وقد ما العديم وقد ما العديم وقد أله وقد أله وألا معلم وقد معلم وقد مع ما العديم وقد ما معام وقد ما ما العديم وقد معلم وقد معلم وقد مع معنور الله وقد ما معام وقد معام وقد ما مع العديم وقد معلم وقد معلم وقد معلم وقد ما ما العديم وقد معام وقد ما ما من وقد ما معام وقد مع معام وقد معام وقد مع وقد معلم معام وقد ما معام وقد معلم وقد معلم وقد معلم وقد ما معام وقد ما معام وقد ما معام وقد ما معام وقد مع م المعام وقد مع معام وقد ما معام وقد معلم وقد ما ما ما معام وقد معام وقد ما معام وقد ما معام وقد مع مع معام وقد م معام وقد ما معام وقد معام وقد ما معام وقد معام وقد ما معام وقد ما معام وقد معام وقد ما معام وقد مع مع معام وقد معام وقد ما معام وقد معام وقد ما معام وقد معام وقد ما معام وقد ما معام وقد ما معام وقد ما معام وقد معام وقد ما م معام وقد ما معام وقد مع ما معام وقد مع معام وقد ما معام وقد ما معام وقد ما معام وقد ما without sense, power, wisdom, or awareness?" [Source: Miftāh Dār al-Sa'ādah 1/261]

Indeed the entities and the system that govern them are all initiated and originated by other than that which can be sensed. So how do those who claim that material reasons in a dialectic materialism, say so?

Moreover, Allah (swt) said, ﴿نَعْلِقُونَ مِنْ غَيْرِ شَيْءٍ أَمْ هُمُ الْخَالِقُونَ Were they created from "where they themselves the Creators?" [TMQ At-Tur 52: 35].

أي: أوجدوا من غير موجد؟ أم هم أوجدوا أنفسهم؟ أي: لا هذا ولا هذا، بل الله هو الذي , Ibn Kathir commentated, أي: أوجدوا من غير موجد؟ أم هم أوجدوا أنفسهم؟ أي: لا هذا ولا هذا، بل الله هو الذي , that is, did they come into being from a state of not being (ghayr mawjood)? Or did they being themselves into existence. Neither is true. Indeed Allah is the One Who created them and brought them into existence after they were nothing." So in the language, it is said, مَوَرَهُ مِنَ العَدَمِ، أَنْشَأَهُ، صَوَّرَهُ (swt) created the human-beings: He (swt) brought them into being from nothing, made them existent and fashioned them."

Allah (swt) created Creation and Creation is unlike Him. He (swt) is greater than the universe and not dependent upon anything to sustain Himself. Allah (swt) is Azzalee, the Uncreated. In the language, it is said of Azzalee, $4 \int \sqrt{2} \int$

Indeed, evidence for the existence of Allah (swt) is exhibited in every entity that is sensed. All entities are dependent (moHtaaj) on other entities, other than themselves. Their dependencies are in a precise formation (takayyuf) that is imposed upon the entities. Their dependencies are also found to have specific proportion (taqdeer), with specific amounts and magnitudes. So creation of the entities that we sense is a certainty, because their being dependent means that they are created by some other, not by themselves. Thus, all of the multitudes of entities that we sense are clear signs of the existence of Allah (swt), without Whom they could not come into being, whilst He (swt) is unlike all that He (swt) created.

Allah (swt) said, الْحَدَّهُ عَنَى اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ * لَمْ يَلِدْ وَلَمْ يُولَدْ * وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ كُفُوًا أَحَدَّهِ, "He is Allah—One" (1) Allah—the Sustainer (as-Samad) (needed by all) (2) He has never had offspring, nor was He born. (3) And there is none comparable to Him. (4)" [Surah al-Ikhlaas 112:1-4]

> Written for the Central Media Office of Hizb ut Tahrir by Musab Umair – Wilayah Pakistan